



Office of the Washington State Auditor
Pat McCarthy

Financial Statements Audit Report

Bainbridge Island Fire Department

For the period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024

Published December 15, 2025
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Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

December 15, 2025

Board of Commissioners
Bainbridge Island Fire Department
Bainbridge Island, Washington

Report on Financial Statements

Please find attached our report on Bainbridge Island Fire Department's financial statements.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial activities and condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor
Olympia, WA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Bainbridge Island Fire Department **January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024**

Board of Commissioners
Bainbridge Island Fire Department
Bainbridge Island, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Bainbridge Island Fire Department, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2025.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared by the District using accounting practices prescribed by state law and the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual described in Note 1, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

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Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Olympia, WA

December 8, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Bainbridge Island Fire Department January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024

Board of Commissioners
Bainbridge Island Fire Department
Bainbridge Island, Washington

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Bainbridge Island Fire Department, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the financial section of our report.

Unmodified Opinion on the Regulatory Basis of Accounting (BARS Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law and accounting practices prescribed by the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and investments of Bainbridge Island Fire Department, and its changes in cash and investments, for the year ended December 31, 2024, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion, they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Bainbridge Island Fire Department, as of December 31, 2024, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, because of the significance of the matter discussed below.

Basis for Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and *Government Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit unmodified and adverse opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the District in accordance with state law using accounting practices prescribed by the BARS Manual, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the BARS Manual described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and

Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements. The Schedule of Liabilities is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed BARS manual. This schedule is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the

United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on the tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Pat McCarthy". The signature is fluid and cursive, with "Pat" on the first line and "McCarthy" on the second line.

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Olympia, WA

December 8, 2025

FINANCIAL SECTION

Bainbridge Island Fire Department January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2024
Notes to the Financial Statements – 2024

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Liabilities – 2024

Bainbridge Island Fire Department
Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Total for All Funds (Memo Only)	001 General	201 Debt Service	301 Capital
Beginning Cash and Investments					
308	Beginning Cash and Investments	14,959,638	14,041,157	81,292	837,189
388 / 588	Net Adjustments	-	-	-	-
Revenues					
310	Taxes	12,611,614	11,512,985	1,098,629	-
320	Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	737,560	737,375	185	-
340	Charges for Goods and Services	1,344,806	1,344,806	-	-
350	Fines and Penalties	-	-	-	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	539,786	503,384	14,617	21,785
Total Revenues:		15,233,766	14,098,550	1,113,431	21,785
Expenditures					
510	General Government	-	-	-	-
520	Public Safety	14,868,587	14,868,587	-	-
530	Utilities	-	-	-	-
540	Transportation	-	-	-	-
550	Natural/Economic Environment	-	-	-	-
560	Social Services	-	-	-	-
570	Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures:		14,868,587	14,868,587	-	-
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues over Expenditures:		365,179	(770,037)	1,113,431	21,785
Other Increases in Fund Resources					
391-393, 596	Debt Proceeds	-	-	-	-
397	Transfers-In	840,000	-	-	840,000
385	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-	-
381, 382, 389, 395, 398	Other Resources	83,607	83,607	-	-
Total Other Increases in Fund Resources:		923,607	83,607	-	840,000
Other Decreases in Fund Resources					
594-595	Capital Expenditures	1,660,580	-	-	1,660,580
591-593, 599	Debt Service	1,124,095	18,307	1,105,788	-
597	Transfers-Out	840,000	840,000	-	-
585	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-	-
581, 582, 589	Other Uses	-	-	-	-
Total Other Decreases in Fund Resources:		3,624,675	858,307	1,105,788	1,660,580
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments:		(2,335,889)	(1,544,737)	7,643	(798,795)
Ending Cash and Investments					
50821	Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
50831	Restricted	88,934	-	88,934	-
50841	Committed	-	-	-	-
50851	Assigned	679,656	641,263	-	38,393
50891	Unassigned	11,855,157	11,855,157	-	-
Total Ending Cash and Investments		12,623,747	12,496,420	88,934	38,393

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**Bainbridge Island Fire Department
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Bainbridge Island Fire Department was incorporated on October 19, 1942 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to a fire district. The Department is a special purpose local government and provides fire protection and emergency medical services to Bainbridge Island.

The Department reports financial activity in accordance with the *Cash Basis Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual prescribed by the State Auditor's Office under the authority of Washington State law, Chapter 43.09 RCW. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that *differs* from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- Financial transactions are recognized on a cash basis of accounting as described below.
- Component units are required to be disclosed, but are not included in the financial statements, see Note 4 – Joint Ventures, *Component Units, and Related Parties*.
- Government-wide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- All funds are presented, rather than a focus on major funds.
- The *Schedule of Liabilities* is required to be presented with the financial statements as supplementary information.
- Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.

A. Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the government are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its cash and investments, revenues and expenditures. The government's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds depending on their intended purpose. A managerial fund is used but rolled up as required for reporting purposes. Each fund is reported as a separate column in the financial statements. The total column is presented as "memo only" because any interfund activities are not eliminated. The following fund types are used:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES:

General Fund

This fund is the primary operating fund of the government. It accounts for all financial resources except those required or elected to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

These funds account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt. In 2015 the Department passed voted bonds for \$14,910,000 to fund the reconstruction of two fire stations. Levy collections are the sole source of revenue to repay the bonds and will conclude in 2034.

Capital Projects Fund

These funds account for financial resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets. The Department transfers revenue into the capital projects fund from the general fund as directed by the Board of Commissioners annually approved budgets. The capital fund holds the funds for future planned capital purchases and projects.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting and measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when paid.

C. Cash and Investments

It is the Department's policy to invest all temporary cash surplus within each fund. For further information see Note 3 - *Deposits and Investments*.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets are assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 5 years. Capital assets and inventory are recorded as capital expenditures when purchased.

E. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of one year's accrual and is payable upon separation or retirement. For represented employees, sick leave accrued prior to January 1, 2015 is paid out at 100% and sick leave accrued after January 1, 2015 is paid out at 75%. As of January 1, 2024 sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 1,200 hours with accrual over 1,200 hours paid out annually to Health Retirement Accounts. Upon retirement or other defined separations, employees receive a calculated distribution to their Health Retirement Account for unused sick leave. Payments are recognized as expenditures when paid.

The Department evaluated BARS 3.4.23 and determined that no changes need to be made to the method of estimating compensated absences.

F. Liabilities

See Note 6 – *Long-term Liabilities*, Note 7 – *Other Postemployment Benefits Plan* and Note 8 – *Pension Plans*.

G. Restricted and Committed Portion of Ending Cash and Investments

Beginning and Ending Cash and Investments are reported as restricted or committed when it is subject to restrictions on use imposed by external parties or due to internal commitments established by Resolution of the Board of Fire Commissioners. When expenditures that meet restrictions are incurred, the Department intends to use the most restricted resources first. Restriction of Ending Cash and Investments consist of \$88,934 for the purpose of bond debt service payments for the fire station rebuild capital project.

Note 2 - Budget Compliance

The Department adopts annual appropriated budgets for four funds by Resolution. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Annual appropriations for these funds lapse at the fiscal year end. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting as used for financial reporting.

The appropriated and actual expenditures for the legally adopted budgets were as follows:

Fund	Final Appropriated	Actual Expenditures	Variance
General Fund	\$ 15,938,348	\$ 15,837,683 ¹	\$ 100,665
Debt Service Fund	\$ 1,105,788	\$ 1,105,788	\$ 0
Capital Fund	\$ 1,668,200	\$ 1,659,774 ²	\$ 8,426

¹ Excludes a year-end Cash Basis adjustment for carry-over expenses accounted for in Statement C-4: (\$110,789).

² Excludes a year-end Cash Basis adjustment for carry-over expenses accounted for in Statement C-4: \$806.38

The Department adopts a budget for a Reserve Fund. This managerial fund is not reported separately on the financial statements but rolled into the General Fund.

Budgeted amounts are authorized to be transferred between funds; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund, or that affect the number of authorized employee positions, salary ranges, hours, or other conditions of employment must be approved by the Department's Board of Fire Commissioners.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Investments are reported at amortized cost. Deposits and investments by type at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

<u>Type of deposit or investment</u>	
Bank deposits	\$ 151,054
Kitsap County Investment Pool	\$ 12,472,693
Total	\$ 12,623,747

It is the Department's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. The interest on these investments is deposited into the fund in which it was earned.

Investments in Kitsap County Investment Pool (KCIP)

The Department is an involuntary participant in the KCIP, an external investment pool operated by the County Treasurer. The pool is not rated or registered with the SEC. Rather, oversight is provided by the County Finance Committee in accordance with RCW 36.48.070. The County reports its investment in the pool at amortized cost, which is the same as the value of the pool per share. The KCIP does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Department would not be able to recover deposits or would not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Department's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

All investments are insured, registered, or held by the County or its agent in the government's name.

Note 4 – Joint Ventures, Component Units, and Related Parties

Kitsap County Joint Training Consortium

In 2021, the Department entered into an interlocal agreement (ILA) with Poulsbo Fire Department, North Kitsap Fire and Rescue, Central Kitsap Fire and Rescue, South Kitsap Fire and Rescue, and the City of Bremerton Fire Department to maintain a Kitsap County Joint Training Consortium (KCJTC). The purpose of the Consortium is to develop and deliver superior training to improve performance and safety. The agreement established an Administrative Board responsible for overseeing administration and named Central Kitsap Fire and Rescue as KCJTC's fiscal agent. The Administrative Board approves an annual budget based on a cost per member. In 2024, the district paid \$34,195 to the Consortium. In 2024 the ILA was renewed and additional information is available at <https://www.kcjtc.org>.

Kitsap County EMS and Trauma Care Council

The Department is a voting member of the Kitsap County EMS and Trauma Care Council (KCEMS). The purpose of KCEMA is to support the continuing development of high-quality pre-hospital, emergency medical and trauma care services in Kitsap County. In 2024 the Department paid \$ 26,831 in assessments as specified in the Council's Bylaws. Additional information is available at <https://www.kitsapcounteyems.org>.

Kitsap Special Operations and Rescue Team

The Department is a member of the Kitsap Special Operations and Rescue Team (KSORT) ILA that was initially formed in 2017 and renewed in 2023 with 5 member agencies. The ILA provides each member agency with mutual aid and specialized training from the other member agencies to respond to incidents that require specialized technical rescue skills. The current lead agency was determined by the Kitsap County Fire Chiefs Board and collected dues of \$6,000 from each agency. More information can be found at <https://www.ksort.org>.

Note 5 – Leases

The Department renewed a lease for a postage meter from Pitney Bowes for \$372 per year with a 60 month lease that can be cancelled with no penalties. The Department also leases a copier with a 60 month term from Xerox for \$2,180 per year and may be cancelled with 30 days notice.

The amount paid for leases in 2024 was \$2,552. As of December 31, 2024 future lease payments are as follows:

Year ended December 31	Total
2025	\$2,552
2026	\$2,552
2027	\$ 660
2028	\$ 372
Total	\$6,136

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (formerly Debt Service Requirements)

The accompanying Schedule of Liabilities provides more details of the outstanding debt and liabilities of the Department and summarizes the Department's debt transactions for year ended December 31, 2024.

The debt service requirements for capital bonds are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 790,000	\$ 318,288	\$1,108,288
2026	\$ 830,000	\$ 278,788	\$1,108,788
2027	\$ 870,000	\$ 237,288	\$1,107,288
2028	\$ 895,000	\$ 211,188	\$1,106,188
2029	\$ 920,000	\$ 184,338	\$1,104,338
2030 - 2034	\$ 5,050,000	\$ 485,863	\$5,535,863
Total	\$ 9,355,000	\$1,715,753	\$11,070,753

Compensated Absences

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the following changes occurred in compensated absences:

	Beginning Balance 01/01/2024	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance 012/31/2024
Compensated Absences*		\$2,179,674	\$ 112,221	\$ 2,067,453

* additions and reductions for 2024 are reported as a net reduction

Note 7 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

The Department provides Post-Employment Benefits as required by RCW 46.26.150. The LEOFF 1 Retiree Medical Plan is a closed, single-employer, defined-benefit OPEB plan administered by the Bainbridge Island Fire Department. The plan pays 100% of eligible LEOFF 1 retirees' healthcare costs on a pay-as-you-go basis. Using the alternative measurement method, December 31, 2024 OPEB liability was \$1,179,425. In May 2024 one of the LEOFF 1 retirees passed away so the Department plan now covers 2 retired members and paid \$ 28,479 in benefits.

Fiscal Year 2024

Number of retired Plan Members	2
Benefits Paid	\$ 28,479
*Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,179,425

*Measured using the alternative measurement method

Note 8 – Pension Plans

A. State Sponsored Pension Plans

Substantially all the Department's full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), under cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans LEOFF and PERS.

The State Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The Department of Retirement Systems, a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS ACFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at www.drs.wa.gov.

LEOFF Plan 1

The Department participates in LEOFF Plan 1. The LEOFF Plan 1 is fully funded and no further employer contributions have been required since June 2000. If the plan becomes underfunded, funding of the remaining liability will require new legislation. Starting on July 1, 2000, employers and employees contribute zero percent.

LEOFF Plan 2

The Department participates in the LEOFF Plan 2. The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriates money from the state general fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and could be changed by statute.

Volunteer Fire Fighters' and Reserve Officers' Relief and Pension Fund

The Department also participates in the Volunteer Fire Fighters' and Reserve Officers' Relief and Pension Fund (VFFRPF) administered by the State Board for Volunteer Fire Fighters and Reserve Officers.

Detailed information about the plan is included in the State of Washington ACFR available from the Office of Financial Management website at www.ofm.wa.gov.

At June 30, 2024 (the measurement date of the plans), the Department's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities (assets), was as follows:

Plan	Employer Contributions	Allocation %	Liability (Asset)
PERS 1	\$ 26,990	0.004509%	\$ 80,118
PERS 2/3	\$ 58,161	0.005909%	\$ (194,794)
LEOFF 1	0	0.005964%	\$ (169,610)
LEOFF 2	\$ 329,325	0.150742%	\$ (2,823,013)
VFFRPF	\$ 420	0.25 %	\$ (28,275)

Only the net pension liabilities are reported on Schedule 9.

Note 9 - Property Tax

The Kitsap County treasurer acts as an agent to collect property tax levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Collections are distributed throughout each month.

Property Tax Calendar	
January 1	Tax is levied and becomes an enforceable lien against the properties.
February 14	Tax bills are mailed
April 30	First of two equal installment payments are due
May 31	Assessed value of property established for next year's levy at 100 percent of market value.
October 31	Second installment is due

Property tax revenues are recognized when cash is received by the Department. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible because a lien affixes to the property after tax is levied.

The Department's regular levy for the year 2024 was \$.566191 per \$1,000 on an assessed valuation of \$13,460,238,119 for a total regular levy of \$7,621,077.

The Department's voted bond levy for the year 2024 was \$.082444 per \$1,000 on an assessed valuation of \$13,412,467,547 for a total bond levy of \$1,105,604.

The Department's EMS levy for the year 2024 was \$.295782 per \$1,000 on an assessed valuation of \$13,460,238,119 for a total EMS levy of \$3,981,303.

Washington State Constitution and Washington State law, RCW 84.55.010, limit the rate.

Note 10 – Risk Management

Bainbridge Island Fire Department is a member of the Enduris Washington (the Pool). Chapter 48.62 RCW provides the exclusive source of local government entity authority to individually or jointly self-insure risks, jointly purchase insurance or reinsurance, and contract for risk management, claims, and administrative services. The Pool was formed on July 10, 1987, under the provisions of Chapter 48.62 RCW, Chapter 200-100 WAC, and Chapter 39.34 RCW when two counties and two cities in the State of Washington joined together by signing an interlocal governmental agreement to fund their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. During the Pool's fiscal year ending August 31, 2024, there were 507 Enduris members representing a broad array of special purpose districts throughout the state.

The Enduris program provides various forms of joint self-insurance and reinsurance coverage for its members: Liability coverage, which includes General Liability, Automobile Liability, Public Officials' Errors and Omissions liability, Terrorism liability and Employment Practices liability; Property coverage, which includes Building and Contents, Mobile Equipment, Boiler and Machinery, and Business Interruption/Extra Expense; Automobile Physical Damage coverage; Cyber coverage; Crime blanket coverage; Named Position coverage; and an Identity Fraud reimbursement policy. Pollution and Cyber coverage are provided on a claims-made and reported coverage form. Crime coverage is provided on a discovery form. All other coverage is provided on an occurrence coverage form.

Members are responsible for a coverage deductible or co-pay on each covered loss. Each policy year, members receive a Memorandum of Coverage (MOC) outlining the specific coverage, limits, and deductibles/co-pays that apply to them. In some instances, the Pool may allow members to elect to participate in the programs at limits, coverage, deductibles, and co-pays specific to their needs. Enduris is responsible for payment of all covered losses above the member deductible or copay up to the Pool self-insured retention (SIR). Enduris acquires excess/reinsurance from unrelated insurance companies to cover losses above the Pool's SIR up to the coverage maximum limit of liability. The tables below reflect the Pool's SIR, reinsurance limits, and member deductibles/co-pays by coverage type.

Coverage	Coverage Type	Pool Self-Insured Retention	Excess/Reinsurance Limits	Member Deductibles/Co-Pays ⁽¹⁾
Liability:				
General Liability	Per Occurrence	\$1 million	\$20 million	\$1,000 - \$100,000
Automobile Liability	Per Occurrence	\$1 million	\$20 million	\$1,000 - \$100,000
Public Officials Errors and Omissions Liability	Each Wrongful Act Member Aggregate	\$1 million	\$20 million \$20 million	\$1,000 - \$100,000
Terrorism Liability ⁽²⁾	Per Occurrence Pool Aggregate	\$500,000 \$1 million	None	\$1,000 - \$100,000
Employment Practices Liability	Per Occurrence Member Aggregate	\$1 million	\$20 million \$20 million	20% Copay ⁽³⁾

Property ⁽⁴⁾:				
Buildings and Contents	Per Occurrence	\$500,000	\$1 billion	\$1,000 - \$250,000
Mobile Equipment	Per Occurrence	\$500,000	\$1 billion	\$1,000 - \$250,000
Boiler and Machinery	Per Occurrence	\$500,000	\$100 million	\$1,000 - \$250,000
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Business Interruption (BI)/ Extra Expense (EE) ⁽⁵⁾	Per Occurrence	\$500,000	\$100 million (BI)/ \$50 million (EE)	\$1,000 - \$250,000
Sublimit ⁽⁶⁾:				
Flood	Per Occurrence	\$500,000	\$50 million (shared by Pool members)	\$1,000 - \$250,000
Earthquake	Per Occurrence	5% of indemnity, subject to a \$500,000 minimum	\$10 million (shared by Pool members)	\$1,000 - \$250,000
Terrorism Primary	Per Occurrence	\$250,000	\$100 million per occurrence \$200 million aggregate	\$1,000 - \$250,000
	Pool Aggregate			
Terrorism Excess	Per Occurrence	\$500,000	\$600 million/ Pool aggregate \$1.1 billion/ per occurrence	\$0
	APIP Per Occurrence		APIP program	
	APIP Aggregate		\$1.4 billion/ APIP program aggregate	
<hr/>				
Automobile Physical Damage ⁽⁷⁾		\$500,000 with exceptions	\$1 billion	\$250 - \$1,000
	Per Occurrence			
Cyber ⁽⁸⁾	Each Claim	\$50,000 to \$100,000 with waiting period	\$2 million \$45 million	20% Copay
	APIP Aggregate			
Pollution ⁽⁹⁾	Each Claim	\$250,000	\$2 million	\$1,000 - \$250,000
	APIP Aggregate	with exceptions	\$25 million	
Crime Blanket ⁽¹⁰⁾	Per Occurrence	\$50,000	\$1 million	\$1,000
Named Position ⁽¹¹⁾	Per Occurrence	\$50,000	\$1 million	\$1,000
Identity Fraud Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹²⁾	Member Aggregate	\$0	\$25,000	\$0

- (1) Members may request or be required to pay a higher deductible than the minimum for certain coverage, and certain types of losses require a specific co-pay or deductible.
- (2) Terrorism liability is fully funded by the Pool, i.e., no excess/reinsurance is procured.
- (3) Members are responsible for a 20% co-pay for Employment Practices Liability coverage claim costs. However, the co-pay may be waived if they meet established guidelines.
- (4) Property coverage for each member is based on a detailed property schedule. Scheduled items are covered to the extent of the cost of repair or replacement according to the excess/reinsurance policy terms. Under the Alliant

Property Insurance Program (APIP), reinsurance carriers cover insured losses over \$500,000 to the limit of \$1 billion, except for certain types of sub-limited property losses such as floods, earthquakes, and terrorism.

- (5) Business Interruption(BI)/Extra Expense (EE) coverage is based on scheduled revenue-generating locations/operations. A limited number of members are scheduled; the rest are limited to \$500,000 of coverage with a \$2.5 million Pool maximum for undeclared exposure. The waiting period (deductible) is typically 24 hours, but there are exceptions specific to the type of exposure covered.
- (6) This Property Program sub-limit list is simplified and is not all-inclusive. In addition, sub-limits are often shared or aggregated by all pool members and, in a few cases, are shared by all APIP members. Deductibles often vary by coverage sub-limit.
- (7) Auto Physical Damage coverage includes comprehensive, collision, and additional coverage (i.e., rental reimbursement, towing, and personal property). Each member's coverage is based on a detailed vehicle schedule. The Pool's Auto Physical Damage coverage deductible is \$500,000 per occurrence with certain exceptions: \$25,000 for on-premises comprehensive and collision; a \$100,000 minimum for emergency vehicles and all other vehicles with an RCV of \$250,000 to \$750,000; \$250,000 for all vehicles with an RCV above \$750,000.
- (8) Cyber coverage is included under the Pool's Property program on an optional basis. Members are subject to a 20% co- pay per loss and the Pool's SIR is tiered between \$50,000 and \$100,000 depending on the insured/member's property TIV with an 8-hour waiting period. By meeting established guidelines, the co-pay may be waived. The reinsurance maximum limit of liability is \$2 million, with various declared sub-limits.
- (9) Pollution coverage is included under the Pool's Property program on an optional basis. Members are subject to a 20% co-pay per loss. The Pool's SIR is \$250,000, with certain specific deductibles ranging from \$250,000 to \$1 million. The reinsurance maximum limit of liability is \$2 million, with various declared sub-limits.
- (10) Each member is provided with \$2,500 of Crime Blanket coverage (also referred to as "Employee Dishonesty Coverage with Faithful Performance"). Members may elect to "buy up" the coverage from \$2,500 to \$1 million.
- (11) Named Position coverage is optional. Members may elect to schedule various employees, directors, and commissioners, with individual limits of between \$5,000 and \$1 million.
- (12) Enduris purchases Identity Fraud Expense Reimbursement coverage. Member claims are not subject to a deductible; the limit is \$25,000 per member.

Members make an annual contribution to fund the Pool. Since Enduris is a cooperative program, there is joint liability among the participating members. No claim settlements were above the insurance coverage in the last three policy years.

Upon joining the Pool, members are contractually obligated to remain for at least one year. They must give notice 60 days before renewal to terminate participation. The Interlocal Governmental Agreement (formerly known as the Master Agreement) is automatically renewed each year unless provisions for withdrawal or termination are applied. Any Member terminated or withdrawing from the Pool shall be liable pro-rata for any assessments levied against Members for any year in which that Member belonged to the Pool as if they were still a Member.

Its member participants fully fund Enduris. Members file claims with the Pool, which determines coverage and administers the claims.

A seven-member Board of Directors governs the Pool. The Pool's members elect the Board, and the positions are filled on a rotating basis. The Board meets quarterly, oversees Enduris' business affairs, and provides policy direction to the Pool's Executive Director.

Note 11 – Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The Department makes a subscription payment of \$15,756 annually for Office 365 software. The SBITA contract is for 3 years, totaling \$47,267, and includes the option to renew for 3 more years.

The amount paid for the subscription in 2024 was \$15,756. As of December 31, 2024 future lease payments are as follows:

Year ended December 31	Total
2025	\$15,756
Total	\$15,756

Bainbridge Island Fire Department
Schedule of Liabilities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

ID. No.	Debt ID Title	Description	Due Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
General Obligation Debt/Liabilities							
251.12	Voted General obligation bonds	rebuild Fire Stations	12/1/2034	10,105,000	-	750,000	9,355,000
				10,105,000		-	750,000
Total General Obligation Debt/Liabilities:							
							9,355,000
Revenue and Other (non G.O.) Debt/Liabilities							
259.12	Compensated Absences	Compensated Absences		2,179,674	-	112,221	2,067,453
264.30	Pension Liabilities	DRS Net Pension		106,124	-	26,006	80,118
264.40	OPPEB Liabilities	OPPEB Liability- LEOFF 1		1,691,124	-	511,709	1,179,415
263.57	Leases, SBITA, and PPPs	Copier Lease	3/1/2027	6,828	-	2,180	4,648
263.57	Leases, SBITA, and PPPs	SBITA	5/31/2026	31,511	-	15,756	15,755
263.57	Leases, SBITA, and PPPs	Postage Meter	12/29/2028	172	1,687	372	1,487
Total Revenue and Other (non G.O.) Debt/Liabilities:							
				4,015,433	1,687	668,244	3,348,876
Total Liabilities:							
				14,120,433	1,687	1,418,244	12,703,876

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the Washington State Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the people of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with state agencies, local governments and the public to achieve our vision of increasing trust in government by helping governments work better and deliver higher value.

In fulfilling our mission to provide citizens with independent and transparent examinations of how state and local governments use public funds, we hold ourselves to those same standards by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency, and by developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits, attestation engagements and investigations. Our work is designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state and local laws. The Office also has an extensive quality control program and undergoes regular external peer review to ensure our work meets the highest possible standards of accuracy, objectivity and clarity.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with federal, state and local laws for all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits and cybersecurity audits of state agencies and local governments, as well as state whistleblower, fraud and citizen hotline investigations.

The results of our work are available to everyone through the more than 2,000 reports we publish each year on our website, www.sao.wa.gov. Additionally, we share regular news and other information via an email subscription service and social media channels.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously. The Office provides training and technical assistance to governments both directly and through partnerships with other governmental support organizations.

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